

Western Australian Immunisation Schedule

Always refer to online Immunisation Schedule for the most up-to-date information

Childhood

Age and eligibility	Antigen/Antibody	Brand(s)	Important information
Birth to <7 days	RSV	Beyfortus®*	For infants born between 1 April and 30 September 2026, if the mother was not vaccinated with Abrysvo at least 2 weeks before birth. Infants in the Kimberley and Pilbara are eligible for immunisation year-round. Can be given up to 8 months of age, but preferably as close to birth as possible. Catch up immunisations available for children up to 2 years of age. Refer to RSV decision aid
	Hepatitis B	H-B-Vax® II Paed or Engerix®B Paed	
6-8 weeks	DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib	Infanrix® hexa or Vaxelis®	
	20vPCV	Prevenar® 20	See the childhood pneumococcal vaccination decision aid
	Rotavirus	Rotarix®	Oral dose 1: Must be given by 14 weeks of age
Aboriginal and/or MRC	MenACWY	Nimenrix®	
Aboriginal and/or MRC	MenB	Bexsero®	Prophylactic paracetamol recommended
4 months	DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib	Infanrix® hexa or Vaxelis®	
	20vPCV	Prevenar® 20	See the childhood pneumococcal vaccination decision aid
	Rotavirus	Rotarix®	Oral dose 2: Must be given by 24 weeks of age
Aboriginal and/or MRC	MenACWY	Nimenrix®	
Aboriginal and/or MRC	MenB	Bexsero®	Prophylactic paracetamol recommended
6 months	DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib	Infanrix® hexa or Vaxelis®	
Aboriginal and/or MRC	20vPCV	Prevenar® 20	See the childhood pneumococcal vaccination decision aid
MRC	MenB	Bexsero®	Prophylactic paracetamol recommended
	MenACWY	Nimenrix®	
12 months	MMR	Priorix® or M-M-R II®	The 2 brands of MMR vaccine are interchangeable
	20vPCV	Prevenar® 20	See the childhood pneumococcal vaccination decision aid
	MenACWY	Nimenrix®	
Aboriginal and/or MRC	MenB	Bexsero®	Prophylactic paracetamol recommended
	RSV	Beyfortus®*	Aboriginal children or children with specific medical- risk conditions entering their second RSV season. Refer to RSV Decision aid
MRC	Hepatitis B	H-B-Vax® II Paed or Engerix® B Paed	<32 weeks gestation or <2000g birth weight

Childhood (continued)			07 August 2026
18 months	DTPa	Infanrix® or Tripacel®	
	Hib	Act-HIB®	
	MMRV	Priorix-Tetra®	Do not administer MMRV as dose one of a measles-containing vaccine if <4 years of age
Aboriginal	Hepatitis A	Vaqta® Paed/Adol (0.5mL)	Dose one of 2. Dose 2 to be administered at least 6 months after dose one
<2 years	Catch-up for MenB is available for Aboriginal children <2 years of age		
Aboriginal			
4 years	DTPa-IPV	Quadracel® or Infanrix®IPV	
Aboriginal	Hepatitis A	Vaqta® Paed/Adol (0.5mL)	Not required if previously received 2 doses (first dose at age ≥12 months) at least 6 months apart
Aboriginal and/or MRC	20vPCV	Prevenar® 20	See the childhood pneumococcal vaccination decision aid

Adolescent and adult			07 August 2026
Age and eligibility	Antigen	Vaccine brand(s)	Important information
Year 7	HPV	Gardasil®9	Catch-up for adolescents <26 years of age
	dTpa	Boostrix® or Adacel®	Catch-up for adolescents <20 years of age
Year 10	MenACWY	MenQuadfi®	Catch-up for adolescents <20 years of age
≥18 years MRC	21vPCV	Capvaxive®	People who have previously received a dose of any pneumococcal vaccine are recommended to receive 21vPCV at least 12 months after last dose. See the Australian Immunisation Handbook for timing of doses
	Herpes-zoster	Shingrix®	2 doses, given 1–2 months apart
Pregnant	dTpa	Adacel® or Boostrix®	Each pregnancy, ideally between 20–32 weeks
	RSV	Abrysvo®	Each pregnancy, from 28 weeks gestation. Refer to RSV decision aid
	Influenza	Vaxigrip, Flucelvax	Each pregnancy, any trimester
≥ 20 years Aboriginal*	Hepatitis B	Engerix® B	For non-immune persons. See the Australian Immunisation Handbook for recommendations and timing of doses
Adult refugees and humanitarian entrants	dTpa (Adacel® or Boostrix®), HepB (H-B-Vax II® (1mL)), IPV (IPOL®), MMR (Priorix®), VZV (Varilrix®). HPV (Gardasil®9) <26 years of age		See the Australian Immunisation Handbook for timing of doses
≥ 25 years Aboriginal	21vPCV	Capvaxive®	People who have previously received a dose of any pneumococcal vaccine are recommended to receive 21vPCV at least 12 months after last dose. See the Australian Immunisation Handbook for timing of doses
≥50 years Aboriginal	Herpes-zoster	Shingrix®	2 doses, given 2–6 months apart
50-59 years vulnerable individuals who are Aboriginal and/or MRC*	RSV	Arexvy	Refer to WA RSV VOA decision aid
Born after 1965*	MMR	Priorix® or M-M-R II®	Give one or 2 doses as required. Whilst serology is not routinely recommended, see WA adult measles vaccination program for details. The 2 brands of MMR vaccine are interchangeable
≥60 years 60-74 years vulnerable*	RSV	Arexvy	Refer to WA RSV VOA decision aid
Aboriginal 60-74 years			

Adolescent and adult			07 August 2026
Age and eligibility	Antigen	Vaccine brand(s)	Important information
≥65 years	Herpes-zoster	Shingrix®	2 doses, given 2–6 months apart
	21vPCV	Capvaxive®	People who have previously received a dose of any pneumococcal vaccine are recommended to receive 21vPCV at least 12 months after last dose. See the Australian Immunisation Handbook for timing of doses
≥75 years	RSV	Arexvy	Refer to WA RSV VOA decision aid

2026 Influenza		
Age and eligibility	Vaccine brand(s)	Important information
6 months to <5 years	Vaxigrip®	As per the Australian Immunisation Handbook , a single annual dose of influenza vaccine is recommended for most people. The exception is that 2 doses at least 4 weeks apart are recommended for: • children aged 6 months to <2 years receiving influenza vaccine for the first time • children aged 6 months to <9 years with a medical risk condition receiving influenza vaccine for the first time • people of any age receiving influenza vaccine for the first time after haematopoietic stem cell, solid organ transplant or CAR T-cell therapy. For information on dosing see the Australian Immunisation Handbook .
5 years to <12 years	Fluzone®*	
5 years to <65 years	• Flucelvax® • Vaxigrip®	
Aboriginal and/or MRC		
Vulnerable cohorts 12 to <65 years	Fluzone®*	For non-NIP eligible residents in congregate living and people experiencing homelessness
Pregnancy	• Vaxigrip® • Flucelvax®	Each pregnancy, any trimester
≥65 years	Fluad®	
WA Health staff**	• Flucelvax® • Fluzone®	For ≥65 years use Fluad®

All children and adolescents aged over 12 months to under 18 years with **specified MRC** should receive 1 dose of Prevenar 20 at diagnosis. Refer to the [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#) for details

Additional ***Haemophilus influenzae* type b (Hib)**, **meningococcal** and **pneumococcal** vaccines are recommended for people with specified risk conditions. Refer to the [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#) for details

2026 regional WA diphtheria outbreak vaccination program

07 August 2026

Age and eligibility	Antigen	Vaccine brand(s)	Important information
Children and adolescents as per the National Immunisation Program (NIP)	DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib, DTPa-IPV, DTPa or dTpa	See childhood and adolescent schedule points for age-appropriate vaccine brands	Children and adolescents eligible for vaccines under the NIP (including School-Based Immunisation Program) who are not up to date with their scheduled diphtheria-containing vaccines. See information below on vaccination of cases and contacts.
Aboriginal people residing in WA	dTpa	Boostrix®* or Adacel®* (as appropriate for age)	Eligible for a booster if more than 5 years since the last diphtheria-containing vaccine and not currently due a dose under the NIP. See information below on vaccination of cases and contacts.
Non-Aboriginal people residing in the Kimberley, Pilbara, Goldfields and Midwest regions	dTpa	Boostrix®* or Adacel®* (as appropriate for age)	Eligible for a booster if more than 5 years since the last diphtheria-containing vaccine and not currently due a dose under the NIP. See information below on vaccination of cases and contacts.
People with regular face-to-face contact with Aboriginal communities in the Kimberley, Pilbara, Goldfields and Midwest regions	dTpa	Boostrix®* or Adacel®* (as appropriate for age)	Eligible for a booster if more than 5 years since the last diphtheria-containing vaccine and not currently due a dose under the NIP. This may include patient-facing healthcare workers and other frontline workers who work but do not reside in the Kimberley, Pilbara, Goldfields and Midwest regions. See information below on vaccination of cases and contacts.

Vaccination of diphtheria cases

Vaccination during recovery: [Age-appropriate](#) diphtheria-containing vaccine booster if it has been more than 12 months since their last dose. Unvaccinated or incompletely vaccinated people should commence a primary or catch-up course as per the [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#). Vaccination should be delayed for 4 weeks from date of administration if diphtheria antitoxin (DAT) has been given.

Vaccination of diphtheria contacts

High or medium risk contact: [Age-appropriate](#) diphtheria-containing vaccine booster if it has been more than 12 months since their last dose. Note: It is safe to provide a booster vaccination with a diphtheria-containing vaccine in a shorter timeframe than recommended, if necessary (that is, a booster can be provided if it is uncertain when the last dose was given). Unvaccinated or incompletely vaccinated people should commence a primary catch up course as per [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#) guidance.

Low risk contact: [Age-appropriate](#) diphtheria-containing vaccine booster if it has been more than 5 years since their last dose. Unvaccinated or incompletely vaccinated people should commence a primary or catch-up course as per [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#) guidance.

*Refers to WA State-funded Programs.

^Refers to all persons attending WA Health staff influenza vaccination services.

The term '**Aboriginal**' is inclusive of all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people.

MRC refers to people with medical risk conditions. Refer to the current online edition of [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#) for all medical risk conditions, recommendations and timing of doses.

Persons aged <20 years (including refugees and humanitarian entrants) can catch-up scheduled vaccines, refer to [Australian Immunisation Handbook](#) for timing of doses.

This document can be made available in alternative formats on request.

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