Key Points

Please note that the influenza and ILI surveillance systems in Western Australia (WA) have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, respiratory viral activity should be interpreted with caution and take into account the effects of changes in health seeking behaviour including accessing alternate health services such as telehealth, focused testing for COVID-19 at COVID-19 clinics or specific acute respiratory infection clinics, increased testing for other respiratory viruses and the impact of international border closures.

Influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI)

- Most indicators of influenza activity decreased in the past week.
- ILI presentations at sentinel GPs increased in the past week while presentations at EDs decreased.
- The number of influenza cases reported to the Department of Health decreased but remained high with 1,696 cases in the past week.
- Non-influenza respiratory virus detections at PathWest Laboratory Medicine (PathWest) decreased in the past week, with the exception of SARS-CoV-2.

Gastroenteritis

- Gastroenteritis presentations to sentinel GPs decreased in the past week. Data for gastroenteritis presentations to EDs is being reviewed and is not available this week.
- Notifications for rotavirus decreased in the past week and detections of norovirus at PathWest remained stable.

Other vaccine-preventable diseases

- Chickenpox and shingles: There were no chickenpox presentations to sentinel GPs in the past week, while presentations to EDs increased. Shingles presentations at sentinel GPs and EDs remained above baseline levels.
- Measles: No measles cases were notified in the past week.
- Mumps: No mumps cases were notified in the past week.
- Rubella: No rubella cases were notified in the past week.
- Invasive meningococcal disease (IMD): One IMD serogroup W case was notified in a child in the past week.

Other diseases

Coronavirus COVID-19: As of 17th July 2022, WA has recorded 998,215 COVID-19 cases. See webpage for further information.
Influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI)

The rate of ILI presentations to sentinel GPs increased in the past week and was similar to the range usually reported at this time of year (Figure 1).

Figure 1. Rate of ILI per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA by week, 2017 to 2022 YTD

The number of ILI-related presentations to EDs decreased in the past week, while the number of admissions increased (Figure 2).

Figure 2. Number and rate of ILI presentations/admissions to emergency departments in WA in the last eight weeks, 2022

Note: This graph presents current EDIS data using the ICD codes B34.9 and J06.9, which are consistent with a clinical presentation of a viral illness. This data may differ from that presented in the Winter Respiratory Illness Report provided by the Information and System Performance Directorate.
The number of ILI-related presentations to EDs decreased in the past week and was similar to the range usually reported at this time of year (Figure 3).

**Figure 3. Number of ILI presentations to emergency departments in WA by week, 2017 to 2022 YTD**

![Figure 3](image)

Note: This graph is a summary of current EDIS data using the ICD codes B34.9 and J06.9 which are consistent with a clinical presentation of a viral illness. This data may differ from that presented in the Winter Respiratory Illness Report provided by the Information and System Performance Directorate.

The number of influenza cases reported to the Department of Health decreased to 1,696 cases in the past week but remained above the seasonal threshold (Figure 4).

**Figure 4. Number of influenza notifications in WA by week, 2017 to 2022 YTD**

![Figure 4](image)

Note: This graph shows the number of all influenza notifications, by week of onset, received by the DoH, WA (through WANIDD) to the end of the current reporting week. The seasonal threshold defines a value above which may indicate seasonal influenza activity. The threshold value is calculated based on analysis of seasonal influenza data from the past four years. It cannot be used to interpret data from 2019 in this graph.
Of the 1,705 specimens submitted for influenza PCR testing at PathWest in the past week, 342 tested positive (Figure 5).

Figure 5. Proportion of influenza PCR specimens positive for influenza at PathWest by week, 2017 to 2022 YTD

Note: This graph is a summary of all WA samples reported by PathWest, excluding samples referred by other private laboratories for influenza subtyping.

Non-influenza virus detections at PathWest decreased in the past week (Figure 6).

Figure 6. Number of non-influenza respiratory virus detections at PathWest by week, 2021 to 2022 YTD

Note: This graph is a summary of all WA samples positive for a common respiratory virus other than influenza reported by PathWest.
In the past week, there were 43,254 COVID-19 cases reported in WA, which was 10% higher than the previous week. Of these, 37% were diagnosed by PCR test and 63% were diagnosed by rapid antigen test (Figure 7).

**Figure 7. Number of COVID-19 cases in WA by test type and notification date, 2022 YTD**

![Chart showing number of COVID-19 cases by test type and notification date.]

*Note: Data sourced from Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS); Notification date is to the 8pm reporting period*

**Gastroenteritis**

The rate of gastroenteritis presentations to sentinel GPs decreased in the past week and remained below the previous five-year average for presentations at this time of year (Figure 8).

**Figure 8. Number of gastroenteritis presentations per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA by week, 2017 to 2022 YTD**

![Chart showing number of gastroenteritis presentations per 1000 consultations.]

*Note: Data sourced from Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network (ASPREN); Notification date is to the 8pm reporting period*
Rotavirus notifications to the Department of Health decreased slightly in the past week and norovirus detections at PathWest remained stable (Figure 9).

Figure 9. Number of rotavirus notifications to the Department of Health and norovirus detections at PathWest in the last eight weeks, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week ending</th>
<th>No. of rotavirus notifications</th>
<th>No. of norovirus detections</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29/05/22</td>
<td>5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/06/22</td>
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<td>10/07/22</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17/07/22</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Rotavirus notifications reported to the Department of Health include detections from all WA pathology laboratories. Norovirus detections are from PathWest only.

Viral rashes

The rate of shingles presentations to sentinel GPs continued to increase above the baseline level in the past week. There were no chickenpox presentations (Figure 10).

Figure 10. Number of varicella-zoster presentations per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA in the last eight weeks, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week ending</th>
<th>No. of chickenpox/1000 consults</th>
<th>No. of shingles/1000 consults</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>10/07/22</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17/07/22</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Baseline levels for chickenpox and shingles presentations to WA ASPREN GPs per thousand consultations were calculated using the mean of weekly WA ASPREN data from week 1, 2017 to week 52, 2021.
The number of chickenpox presentations to EDs increased slightly in the past week, while the number of shingles presentations remained stable and above the baseline level (Figure 11).

Figure 11. Number of varicella-zoster presentations to Emergency Departments in WA in the last eight weeks, 2022

No. of chickenpox presentations  No. of shingles presentations
Chickenpox baseline (2017-2021)  Shingles baseline (2017-2021)

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